Certification versus research measurements: Investigating the variability of particle emissions of large jet engines from a longrunning series of emission tests

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Major sources of nonvolatile PM emissions variability in emission tests of a given engine type





sampling and measurement

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engine-to-engine variability & engine history



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3

Engine performance deteriorates with increasing time in service until a performance restoration is required



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Zurich Universities of Applied Sciences and Arts Data source: left: Jackson Square Aviation (CFM56-7B engine), right: ETN-Engineering (PW4460 engine) 4

Goal: Improve nvPM emission models with data for in-service engines – need to correct for engine age?

- Emission tests in a test cell during pass-off tests of repaired and overhauled engines
- ICAO Annex 16 Vol. II compliant system (except for the current exhaust probe)
- Here we focus on one engine type (16 engines tested, two combustor versions)





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combustor inlet temperature (T_3)

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*Agarwal, A. et al., ES&T, 2019; ICAO Doc 9889; ** Durdina et al., ES&T, 2017

nvPM mass emission index at the engine exit (particle loss-corrected)



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combustor inlet temperature (T_3)

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nvPM number emission index at the engine exit (particle loss-corrected)



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El mass as a function of fuel burn (SFC) and EGT at a given corrected fan speed (N1)

Poor correlation with EI mass for the ensemble of engines tested

3300 rpm (~33% F_{oo}) 4200 rpm (~60% F_{oo}) 4600 rpm (~80% F_{oo}) 5040 rpm (~100% F_{co}) inlet air T (°C 15 18 21 (mg/kg_{fuel}) Elmass, loss corr. 0.2 corrected specific fuel consumption SFC (g/kN/s) 40 °C (mg/kg_{fuel}) 100 -Elmass, loss corr. 150 -n corrected exhaust gas temperature EGT (°C)

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nvPM mass and number emissions from the standardized landing and take-off (LTO) cycle



tested after repair / overhaul

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Summary



- nvPM emissions at <7% thrust varied by an order of magnitude and increased with decreasing ambient temperature. Are we neglecting idle emissions?
- High thrust nvPM mass emissions of in-service engines (even after an overhaul) tend to be higher than certified emissions, leading to higher emissions in the LTO cycle and likely also at cruise.
- LTO nvPM number emissions were in good agreement with certification for the engine type investigated. SCOPE11 tends to underestimate nvPM number.
- Excess nvPM mass did not correlate with SFC and EGT margin for the ensemble of engines. *Future work: sensitivity study and test of a single engine before/after overhaul and study gaseous emissions.*